



**General Certificate of Secondary Education
2018**

Spanish

Unit 3: Reading

Foundation Tier

[GSH31]

THURSDAY 14 JUNE, MORNING

**MARK
SCHEME**

General Marking Instructions

Introduction

Mark schemes are intended to ensure that the GCSE examinations are marked consistently and fairly. The mark schemes provide markers with an indication of the nature and range of candidates' responses likely to be worthy of credit. They also set out the criteria which they should apply in allocating marks to candidates' responses.

Assessment objectives

Below are the assessment objectives for **GCSE Spanish**.

Candidates must:

AO1 Understand and respond to different types of spoken language;

AO2 Communicate and interact effectively in speech;

AO3 Understand and respond to different types of written language; and

AO4 Communicate in writing.

Quality of candidates' responses

In marking the examination papers, examiners should be looking for a quality of response reflecting the level of maturity which may reasonably be expected of a 16-year-old which is the age at which the majority of candidates sit their GCSE examinations.

Flexibility in marking

Mark schemes are not intended to be totally prescriptive. No mark scheme can cover all the responses which candidates may produce. In the event of unanticipated answers, examiners are expected to use their professional judgement to assess the validity of answers. If an answer is particularly problematic, then examiners should seek the guidance of the Supervising Examiner.

Positive marking

Examiners are encouraged to be positive in their marking, giving appropriate credit for what candidates know, understand and can do rather than penalising candidates for errors or omissions. Examiners should make use of the whole of the available mark range for any particular question and be prepared to award full marks for a response which is as good as might reasonably be expected of a 16-year-old GCSE candidate.

Awarding zero marks

Marks should only be awarded for valid responses and no marks should be awarded for an answer which is completely incorrect or inappropriate.

Types of mark schemes

Mark schemes for tasks or questions which require candidates to respond in extended written form are marked on the basis of levels of response which take account of the quality of written communication.

Other questions which require only short answers are marked on a point for point basis with marks awarded for each valid piece of information provided.

Levels of response

Tasks and questions requiring candidates to respond in extended writing are marked in terms of levels of response. In deciding which level of response to award, examiners should look for the 'best fit' bearing in mind that weakness in one area may be compensated for by strength in another. In deciding which mark within a particular level to award to any response, examiners are expected to use their professional judgement. The following guidance is provided to assist examiners.

- ***Threshold performance:*** Response which just merits inclusion in the level and should be awarded a mark at or near the bottom of the range.
- ***Intermediate performance:*** Response which clearly merits inclusion in the level and should be awarded a mark at or near the middle of the range.
- ***High performance:*** Response which fully satisfies the level description and should be awarded a mark at or near the top of the range.

1	(a) 8 o'clock	[1]	AVAILABLE MARKS
	(b) Any one from: Watch TV/go out with friends	[1]	2
2	(a) D	[1]	2
	(b) C	[1]	
3	(a) pitches	[1]	4
	(b) tennis	[1]	
	(c) fifteen	[1]	
	(d) meals	[1]	
4	(a) 12th	[1]	4
	(b) 8th	[1]	
	(c) 11th	[1]	
	(d) 9th	[1]	
5	(a) B – a rowing club	[1]	4
	(b) C – strength	[1]	
	(c) A – started swimming	[1]	
	(d) B – abilities	[1]	
6	(a) 200.000	[1]	6
	(b) Any two from: rest/walk/play sport	[2]	
	(c) Any two from: clean/good public transport/showers/car park	[2]	
	(d) not expensive/cheap	[1]	

7	(a) My family is sporty [1] and my favourite sport is athletics [1]	[2]	8
	(b) My brothers are members [1] of a volleyball team [1]	[2]	
	(c) They won a match [1] last Saturday [1]	[2]	
	(d) We are going to go jogging [1] this weekend [1]	[2]	
8	(a) a friend recommended it	[1]	6
	(b) not much/little traffic	[1]	
	(c) (i) air conditioning/noisy	[2]	
	(ii) service/slow	[2]	
9	(a) C – seis días por semana	[1]	4
	(b) A – pagas menos dinero	[1]	
	(c) B – los niños	[1]	
	(d) B – 1500 coches	[1]	
10	(a) Begoña	[1]	6
	(b) Alana	[1]	
	(c) Salgada	[1]	
	(d) Begoña	[1]	
	(e) Salgada	[1]	
	(f) Salgada	[1]	
11	(a) A – muy bien	[1]	6
	(b) A – comer	[1]	
	(c) C – hacer deporte	[1]	
	(d) C – poca gente	[1]	
	(e) A – a pie	[1]	
	(f) B – estaba de vacaciones	[1]	

12	(a)	B	[1]	AVAILABLE MARKS
	(b)	F	[1]	
	(c)	A	[1]	
	(d)	P	[1]	
	(e)	B	[1]	
	(f)	A	[1]	
	(g)	B	[1]	
	(h)	F	[1]	8
Total				60